

PMEA SOLAR TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

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PMEA SOLAR TECH SOLUTIONS LIMITED

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INTRODUCTION:

Risk is an inherent aspect of the dynamic business environment in which PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Limited operates. Risk is the probability or threat of damage, injury, liability, loss, or any other negative occurrence that is caused by external or internal vulnerabilities, and that may be avoided through pre-emptive action or Mitigated to a large extent. Risk arises on account of uncertainty of occurrence and unknown consequences if the risk event were to occur. The degree of uncertainty or likelihood of occurrence and impact of the risk outcome combined together determine the magnitude of the risk.

1 PURPOSE OF THE POLICY:

To have a documented Risk Management Strategy in place, which provides a framework for identification, assessment, evaluation, mitigation and review of the risk categories on a periodic basis.

This policy document also lays down the framework for taking informed business decisions integrated with risks and to minimise the adverse consequences of risks on business objectives.

THE RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

2 DEFINITIONS:

2.1 Inherent Risk: The risk that an activity would pose if no controls or other mitigating factors were in place (the gross risk or risk before controls).

2.2 Risk Mitigation: Risk management is the identification, evaluation, and prioritization of risks followed by coordinated and economical application of resources to minimize, monitor, and control the probability or impact of unfortunate events or to maximize the realization of opportunities.

2.3 Residual Risk: Upon implementation of mitigation actions there will still be a degree of residual (or remaining) risk, with the expectation that an unacceptable level of residual risk would remain only in exceptional circumstances.

2.4 Risk Appetite: Risk Appetite is the amount of risk, on a broad level, an organisation is willing to accept in pursuit of value.

3 RISK MANAGEMENT ORGANISATION STRUCTURE



Person responsible/team	Constitution	Roles and Responsibilities	Accountable to
Risk Management Committee	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mr. Sandeep N Sanghvi- Managing Director (Chairperson) 2. Mr. Vishal N Sanghvi- Executive Director (Member) 3. Mr. Avinash Gandhi- Independent Director (Member) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the Company, in particular including financial, Operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the committee; • measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks; and • business continuity plan. ii. To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company; iii. To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems; iv. To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity; v. To keep the Board informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken; vi. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee. vii. To seek information from any employee, obtain outside legal or other professional advice and secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary. viii. To review the Company's risk-reward performance to align with the Company's overall policy objectives; ix. Laying down risk assessment and minimization procedures and the procedures to inform Board of the same; x. Framing, implementing, reviewing and monitoring the risk management plan for the Company and such other functions, including cyber security, as may be delegated by the Board; and xi. Performing such other activities as may be delegated by the Board and/or are statutorily prescribed under any law to be attended to by the Risk Management Committee or by any regulatory authority and performing such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate for the performance of its duties. 	Board of Directors
Primary Risk Owners	Business/ Functional Heads of each Risk Management Units	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and propose risks, evaluate the criticality and formulate steps for mitigation 	Risk Management Committee

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review progress on mitigation action plan and its effectiveness on a quarterly basis Monitor the movement of KRI and endeavour to maintain the same within the risk appetite 	
Plant/Commercial Heads	Plant Heads & Commercial Heads at each plant location pan India	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support the Primary Risk Owner in evaluating the risk Monitor the mitigation action plans Update risk registers with additions/deletions of risk mitigation actions as approved by the Risk Management Committee 	Primary Risk Owners
Risk Champion	Nominated by Plant/Commercial Head	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Update KRI and the data points to track status of mitigation actions on a quarterly basis 	Plant/Commercial Heads
Central Risk Management Team	Team Leader from the Finance Team (nominated by the Group CFO) & Risk and Control Management Team	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support to Plant & Commercial Heads in adhering to this policy and the Risk Management framework Co-ordinate and schedule Risk Committee and Risk Review meetings Independently test the effectiveness of risk mitigation actions Draft risk analysis, risk treatment and control mechanism Perform industry benchmarking and implement best practices Track actions proposed in the Risk Committee meeting and risk review meetings Ensures that the risks that may impede achievements of long-term strategic plans and their risk mitigation plans are included in the Risk Register. 	Group Chief Financial Officer

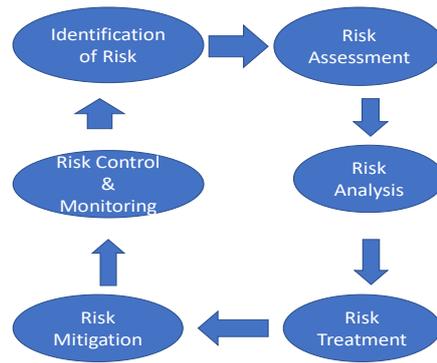
4 PMEAS RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Company's risk management framework sets the foundations and organisational arrangements for designing, implementing, monitoring, reviewing and continually improving risk management capability. Undertaking a periodic review to assess the effectiveness of the Company's risk management framework is necessary to ensure that the framework continues to evolve and meet the needs of the entity.

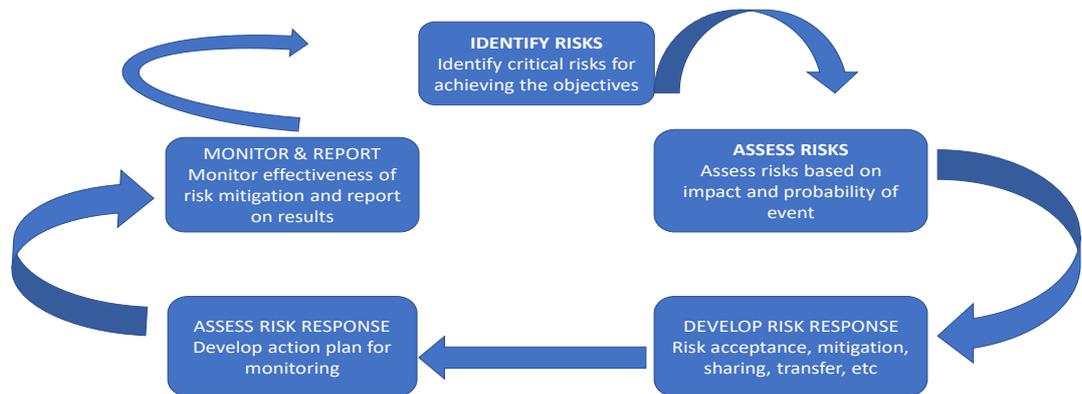
Integration of the Risk Management Framework with business objectives and monitoring effectiveness of the mitigation measures through a review of Key Risk Indicators ensures effectiveness of the Risk Management Framework.

5 THE RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS:

Risk Management is a continuous process that is accomplished throughout the life cycle of the organisation. Effective Risk Management covers risk management planning, early identification and analyses of risks, implementation of corrective actions, continuous monitoring and reassessment, and communication, documentation and coordination.



a. THE 5 STEP ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT



7.1 RISK MANAGEMENT UNITS

The Company has identified 14 Risk Management Units (RMU), which are aligned with its businesses. Risk registers for RMU have been validated following a bottoms-up and periodic top-down review processes. The framework identifies internal and external risks faced by the Company including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (ESG related risks), information and cyber security risks which are elaborated below.

Risk identification techniques are elaborated below:

Sources	Description
Internal Audit reports	Internal audit observations are evaluated to identify if any of those could pose a risk and mapped to the risk management framework wherever required.
Peer Companies	On an annual basis, risks identified by the company and their mitigation measures are benchmarked with the risks and mitigation measures reported by the peer entities in their Annual Reports to identify blind spots, if any and appropriate action taken to map them into the risk management framework wherever required.
Whistle Blower mechanism	Learnings from investigations into whistle blower complaints also help identify process gaps and risks.
Brainstorming	Perceived risks for a business are identified by key members of business teams through a brainstorming discussion every two years which acts as a platform to identify risks and opportunities.
SWOT Analysis	During the preparation of the strategic plan the leadership team carries out a SWOT analysis and the weaknesses and threats identified during the said processes serve as inputs for risk identification.
Scenario Analysis	Unprecedented or Unexpected events that have the potential to majorly impact the company's operations are evaluated by the Risk.

The 14 Risk Management Units (RMU) are-

- i. Shed No W-12, MIDC, Satpur, Nashik, Maharashtra,
- ii. Plot No 64/B2, MIDC, Satpur, Nashik, Maharashtra
- iii. Plot No. F15, Sinnar Industrial Area, Malegaon, Taluka Sinnar, Nashik, Maharashtra
- iv. GAT No 134/2, Village Mahalunge, Taluka Khed, Maharashtra
- v. Survey no 1048/3,1048/4,1048/5, 1048/6,1048/18 Deewan Shah Ind. Estate Chintupada, village Mahim, Palghar, Maharashtra
- vi. Gat No 214/2, plot no 9, 10, 11, 12 at post Pimpalnare, Taluka Dindori, Dist. Nashik, Maharashtra
- vii. Gat No. 590/2, Janori Highway Road, A/P Janori, Taluka -Dindori, Dist. Nashik, Maharashtra
- viii. Plot No. E-20/1, MIDC Malegaon, Sinner Nashik, Maharashtra
- ix. Plot No B- 78, Near Utsav Hotel, MIDC, Ambad, Nashik, Maharashtra
- x. Survey No 365, Nandore Village, Palghar (E), Maharashtra
- xi. R. S. No. 325, 326, 327, Near Hanuman Tekari, Bhuj-Mundra Road, Village: Beraja, Tal: Mundra - Kachchh, Gujarat
- xii. Hissa No: A-20 , Plot No.-3 & 4, Survey No.820/1, Deewan Shah Industrial Estate, Chintupada Village, Mahim, Palghar (W) Maharashtra
- xiii. Gat No.G.66, Phase No.III, Chakan MIDC Kuruli, Tal. Khed Pune Maharashtra and
- xiv. Corporate functions.

Strategic and operating risks of each RMU are captured in their respective risk registers. The risk registers are maintained in an access-controlled intranet-based Risk Management Portal.

The RMU head with their respective Commercial Heads and the Central Risk and Control Management team discuss the risks pertaining to the respective RMU once in a year to identify new risks, if any, arising from contemporary developments in the macro-economic environment or the industry to which they belong and update the risk register upon approval by the Risk Management Committee.

Further the grid below captures how the risks are measured and mitigated as a part of the overall Risk Mitigation framework at PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Limited-

Risk Type	Risk Probability	FMEA to be done by	Risk evaluation by	Risk Mitigation by	Approver
Country Risk	Possible*	CEO	Business development	Sovereign rating & Credit insurance	MD
Product Risk	Possible	CEO	Sourcing and Business development	Product Life cycle evaluation and Industry demand parameters evaluation	MD
Regulatory Risk	Likely	EXIM team CS team Tax team	External consultants' opinions	Following SOP for compliances applicable and plan for mitigating regulatory changes thru pricing, cost management	CFO
Cyber Risk	Possible	IT Head	IT Security Audit	Cyber risk insurance policy	CEO
Credit Risk	Likely	Commercial Heads	CFO	Credit Insurance	MD
Currency Risk	Likely	Consultant	CFO/ MD	Hedging and derivatives Policy and Hedging in place for foreign currency exposure	MD
Controls Risk	Possible	Internal Audit	VP Finance	IFC controls Audit	CFO

*- As of now PMEA Solar Tech Solutions Limited operates in US and India both quite secure countries and sovereign ratings are high to Medium. However, if the company decides to operate in geographies apart from US and India, the risk probability will be revisited and revised appropriately.

** - The regulatory risks are more driven by Tarriff's proposed by US govt and BIS proposed by Indian Govt

7.2 RISK ASSESSMENT

Each of the identified risk is assessed for an inherent risk rating on the twin factors of probability/ frequency and impact/ severity and have, accordingly been classified into the following ratings:

- a. Very High
- b. High
- c. Medium, and
- d. Low

The process of identifying the likelihood/frequency and impact/severity of risk events is a both quantitative and qualitative process of analysis.

After finalizing the impact and likelihood rating the inherent risk rating is calculated using the formula:

Inherent Risk Rating = Impact X Likelihood (Refer Annexure 'A' and 'B')

7.3 RISK RESPONSE

Response to each of the identified risks are assessed in the context of Company's strategic direction and get suitably categorized into one of the following based on their linkage to the key strategic objectives of the Company:

- a. Transfer
- b. Avoid
- c. Accept and absorb impact
- d. Manage actively

7.4 RISK MITIGATION ACTIONS

Detailed mitigation action with timelines along with identified responsibilities for implementation are formulated for risks that are decided to be 'Managed Actively' as a response. Similarly, appropriate policies have been implemented to address the risk categories, mitigation whereof needs to be transferred.

Risks where the response is to either to "Accept and absorb impact" or "Avoid" are addressed as part of the company's strategy development framework in the context of the exposure management appetite that the Company may have for such risks.

7.5 RISKS REVIEW AND MONITORING

The Company has implemented a robust five-tiered review and monitoring mechanism structure which provides a firm foundation for the risk governance. The three-tiered review mechanism is as follows:

- a. Review with the Risk Owners, Commercial Heads and the Group CFO - All the risk registers are reviewed annually in detail along with formulation of revised mitigation plan wherever required.

- b. Review by the Executive Directors - Strategic and significant operating risks identified by each of the Risk Management Units are reviewed annually in detail with the Executive Director responsible for the operational oversight on the Risk Management Unit concerned.
- c. Review by the Risk Management Committee - The Risk Management Committee identifies every year, certain risks that are strategic from the corporate perspective which if not adequately addressed can have a major impact on the corporate performance. Such risks are reviewed by the Risk Management Committee on a quarterly basis.
- d. Review by the Audit Committee - Besides the quarterly meetings, Audit Committee meets once in a year in March to review progress on all governance related matters. As a part of that process, the Audit Committee also reviews the risk registers of all the RMUs.
- e. Review by the Board of Directors - Update on mitigation measures against key risks is submitted once in a quarter to the Board of Directors by the Group CFO.

Key benefits from various monitoring and review processes are as follows:

- a. Defined accountabilities, responsibilities, authorities and documentation protocol
- b. Measurement of actual progress of mitigation action against milestones
- c. Providing KRI performance metrics to measure performance of mitigation measures of individual risks
- d. Industry benchmarking
- e. Identification of new emerging risks
- f. Ensure that the risk mitigation measures are effective, efficient and economical

7.6 RISK REPORTING

All incidents that have a bearing on the effectiveness of the risk mitigation plan are required to be recorded on the Risk Management Portal by the Commercial Heads.

7.7 COMMUNICATION

Regular interaction and engagement with RMU owners and business teams ensures that sufficient awareness and ownership exists towards the identified risk categories under each RMU. Through the year, the central risk management team also organizes training session and workshops for the benefit of all stakeholders.

7.8 BLACK SWAN EVENTS

A black swan event is an unpredictable event that is beyond what is normally expected of a situation and has potentially severe consequences. Black swan events are characterized by their extreme rarity, their severe impact, and the practice of explaining widespread failure to predict them as simple folly in hindsight.

The Risk Committee along with the Central Risk and Control Management team will discuss potential black swan events once in a year and carry out sensitivity analysis to quantify the impact, should any of those events occur. Mitigation actions arising out of that discussion are incorporated in the risk register of the RMU concerned.

ANNEXURES

i. IMPACT AND LIKELIHOOD RATING

Risk = Impact*Likelihood

Impact Category	Risk	Financial Impact (Impact on Profit/Revenue)	Qualitative Impact
Very High		>5%	Significant impact on reputation, business capacity, market share, customer relations
High		3% to 5%	Significant but recoverable impact on reputation, business capacity, market share, customer relations
Medium		1% to 3%	Moderate impact on reputation, business capacity, market share, customer relations
Low		<1%	Relatively insignificant or limited impact on reputation, business capacity, market share, customer relations

Risk Probability	Occurrence in the Past	% Of chances	Occurrence in the future
Likely	Similar instances have commonly occurred in the past year	Over 80%	Very high, will be almost a routine feature within the immediate next year
Possible	Similar instances have occurred several times in the past year	50% to 80%	High, may arise several times within the immediate next year
Unlikely	There have been less than 3 similar instances in the past year	5% to 49%	Possible, may arise 3-4 times within the immediate next year
Remote	Similar instances have never occurred	Less than 5%	Not likely, almost impossible to occur from the present period to 5 years hence

ii. INHERENT RISK RATING HEAT MAP

Risk Impact	Risk Probability			
	Low (1)	Medium (2)	High (3)	Very High (4)
Remote (1)	1	2	3	4
Unlikely (2)	2	4	6	8
Possible (3)	3	6	9	12
Likely (4)	4	8	12	16

	Very High risk (9-16)		High Risk (5-8)		Medium Risk (3-4)		Low Risk (1-2)
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iii. MITIGATION PLAN EFFECTIVENESS ASSESSMENT

Mitigation Effectiveness is the effectiveness/existence of controls with respect to the assessed risk in the existing business processes. Mitigation effectiveness is measured on a 3-level rating scale:

	Needs Improvement	Mitigation Plans though in place but do not ensure any control over risk occurrence and impact
	Reasonably Adequate	Mitigation Plans involved duly laid down approval and reporting norms though not ensuring complete control over the risk occurrence and impact

	Effective	Mitigation plans involved stringent approval and reporting norms with responsibility for execution duly mapped to various management levels ensuring complete control over the risk occurrence
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